
A PROPOSED DEGREE APPROVAL MODEL FOR LICENSED AND REGULATED FIELDS

Allen Clarkson, JD
Lucas Kavlie, EdD



PRESENTERS' INSTITUTION

- Western Governors University
 - Students in all states and territories of the US (including military)
 - Regional Accreditation
 - Programmatic Accreditation (NCATE/CAEP, CCNE, CAHIM)
 - Sought authorization in all states in 2010; now a SARA institution
 - Four colleges
 - College of Information Technology
 - College of Business
 - College of Health Professions
 - Teachers College



NATIONAL SPOTLIGHT

- **The National Adult Learner Coalition**
 - Whitepaper: Strengthening America's Economy By Expanding Educational Opportunities For Working Adults
 - Highlighting Student Mobility and Financial Aid
- **Example State Action**
 - VA H 2262 (Online Virginia Network Authority)
 - TN H1160 (admission standards mirroring national body)
 - CT H 5707 (neighboring state reciprocity)
 - KY Board of Education report (inter-district transfer)



PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

- Current Difficulties
- Four Foundations
- Precedents in other areas
- Model



CURRENT DIFFICULTIES



CURRENT DIFFICULTIES: STATE AUTHORITIES

- Institutional
 - Volume of requests
 - Oversight of out-of-state institutions
 - Application of new models for program delivery
- Student
 - Consumer Protection
 - Program Outcomes
- Federal requirements
 - Department of Education
 - Workforce, Labor, and related



CURRENT DIFFICULTIES: INSTITUTIONS

- Authorities
 - Variation among processes
 - Misunderstandings and Misinformation
 - Consumer Protection against Other Institutions (lumping)
 - Cost can prevent access for students
- Students
 - Mobility between and among states (sister cities)
 - Access to authorized, accredited, and approved programs
 - Cost of attendance



BEYOND RECOGNITION: AUTHORIZATION

- NC-SARA provides:
 - Rigorous accountability in home state
 - Equal protection for students across all member states
 - Streamlined administration for state authorities
 - Consumer protection across member states



BEYOND RECOGNITION: PROGRAM APPROVAL

- Four foundations of program approval in regulated fields:
 - Identified Knowledge
 - Address Employment Needs
 - Consumer Protection in Preparation (students)
 - Public Protection in Practice (professionals)



FOUR FOUNDATIONS



IDENTIFIED KNOWLEDGE

A trusted reciprocity model requires an agreement on the base content, competencies, skills, and aptitudes that candidates must possess to be practitioners.

- National bodies
- Standards-based requirements
- State Authority and Institutional participation in review



ADDRESS EMPLOYMENT NEEDS

A reciprocity model helps to meet local shortages in regulated areas and mobility for students seeking employment.

- Nursing
- Teachers
- Retirement of licensed professionals in regulated fields



CONSUMER PROTECTION (STUDENTS)

Students pursue legal remedies and redress with authorities in their state of residence through reciprocal approvals.

- Bad actors are identified systemically
- Student protections are local to the student, not institution
- Combined authority of AGs in all member states



PUBLIC PROTECTION (PROFESSIONALS)

Licensed practitioners remain accountable to local authority through boards, commission, or other designated authorities.

- Teachers responsible to boards of education
- Accountants responsible to boards of accountancy
- Admission based on examination, equal access to preparation



PRECEDENTS IN OTHER AREAS



PRECEDENT IN LEGAL EDUCATION

- American Bar Association
 - Curriculum
 - Institutional oversight
 - Consumer protection
- State Bars
 - Content examination
 - Professional Discipline
 - Consumer concerns channel (practitioner oversight)



ACCREDITING BODIES - NATIONAL

- Council for Accreditation of Educator Preparation (CAEP)
- Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (CCNE)
- National Association of State Boards of Accounting (NASBA)* (guidance, not accreditation)



PROGRAM APPROVAL RECIPROCALITY



MODEL

- State approval of programs offered by in-state institutions
- Reciprocity for acceptance of preparation program
- Professional practice standards remain with individual states
- Shared oversight:
 - Accreditor:
 - Identified knowledge
 - Employment needs
 - State Authorities:
 - Consumer protection
 - Public protection



MODEL

- Accreditor establishes standards and requirements for:
 - Identified Knowledge
 - Consumer Protection in Preparation (students)
- State Authorities can focus resources on:
 - Address Employment Needs
 - Public Protection in Practice (professionals)



CONCLUSION

Established on the four foundations, a reciprocal program approval model, balancing the expertise of national accrediting bodies, institutional innovation, and state authority provides:

- Efficiencies in state use of resources
- Student choice and mobility
- Institutional certainty across jurisdictions
- Consumer (student) protection across agreement members
- Public protection local with equal access to preparation


